

Clinical Policy: Abatacept (Orencia)

Reference Number: DE.PHAR.241 Effective Date: 01.23 Last Review Date: 01.23 Line of Business: Medicaid

Coding Implications Revision Log

See <u>Important Reminder</u> at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

Abatacept (Orencia[®]) is a selective T cell costimulation modulator.

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Orencia is indicated for:

- Treatment of adult patients with moderately to severely active rheumatoid arthritis (RA)
- Treatment of patients 2 years of age and older with moderately to severely active polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis (PJIA)
- Treatment of adult patients with active psoriatic arthritis (PsA)
- Prophylaxis of acute graft versus host disease (aGVHD), in combination with a calcineurin inhibitor and methotrexate, in adults and pediatric patients 2 years of age and older undergoing hematopoietic stem cell transplantation (HSCT) from a matched or 1 allele-mismatched unrelated-donor.

Limitation(s) of use: Concomitant use of Orencia with other immunosuppressives [e.g., biologic disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (bDMARDS), Janus kinase (JAK) inhibitors] is not recommended.

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation[®] that Orencia is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

- A. Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (must meet all):
 - 1. Diagnosis of PJIA as evidenced by \geq 5 joints with active arthritis;
 - 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a rheumatologist;
 - 3. Age \geq 2 years;
 - 4. Documented baseline 10-joint clinical juvenile arthritis disease activity score (cJADAS-10) (*see Appendix J*);
 - 5. Member meets one of the following (a, b, c, or d):
 - a. Failure of $a \ge 3$ consecutive month trial of MTX at up to maximally indicated doses;
 - b. Member has intolerance or contraindication to MTX (*see Appendix D*), and failure of $a \ge 3$ consecutive month trial of leflunomide or sulfasalazine at up to

maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;

- c. For sacroiliitis/axial spine involvement (i.e., spine, hip), failure of a ≥ 4 week trial of an NSAID at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- d. Documented presence of high disease activity as evidenced by a cJADAS-10 > 8.5 (*see Appendix J*);
- 6. Failure of both of the following, each used for ≥ 3 consecutive months, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or both are contraindicated (a and b):
 - a. Enbrel[®];
 - b. If member has not responded or is intolerant to one or more TNF blockers, Xeljanz[®], unless member has cardiovascular risk and benefits do not outweigh the risk of treatment;

*Prior authorization may be required for Actemra, Enbrel and Xeljanz/Xeljanz XR

- 7. For members 2 to 5 years of age, prescribed route of administration is SC;
- 8. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
- 9. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
 - a. IV: weight-based dose at weeks 0, 2, and 4, then every 4 weeks (*see Appendix E for dose rounding guidelines*) (i, ii, or iii):
 - i. Weight < 75 kg: 10 mg/kg per dose;
 - ii. Weight 75 kg to 100 kg: 750 mg per dose;
 - iii. Weight > 100 kg: 1,000 mg per dose;
 - b. SC: weight-based dose once weekly (*see Appendix F for dose rounding guidelines*) (i, ii, or iii):
 - i. Weight 10 to <25 kg: 50 mg per dose;
 - ii. Weight 25 to <50 kg: 87.5 mg per dose;
 - iii. Weight \geq 50 kg: 125 mg per dose.

Approval duration: 6 months

B. Psoriatic Arthritis (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of PsA;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist or rheumatologist;
- 3. Age \geq 18 years;
- Failure of ALL of the following, each used for ≥ 3 consecutive months, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated (a and b):
 - a. Enbrel[®], Otezla[®], and Taltz[®];
 - b. If member has not responded or is intolerant to one or more TNF blockers, Xeljanz[®]/Xeljanz XR[®], unless member has cardiovascular risk and benefits do not outweigh the risk of treatment;

*Prior authorization is required for Enbrel, Otezla, Taltz, Xeljanz/Xeljanz XR

5. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);

- 6. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
 - a. IV: weight-based dose at weeks 0, 2, and 4, then every 4 weeks (*see Appendix E for dose rounding guidelines*) (i, ii, or iii):
 - i. Weight < 60 kg: 500 mg per dose;
 - ii. Weight 60 to 100 kg: 750 mg per dose;
 - iii. Weight > 100 kg: 1,000 mg per dose;
 - b. SC: 125 mg once weekly.

Approval duration: 6 months

B. Rheumatoid Arthritis (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of RA per American College of Rheumatology (ACR) criteria (*see Appendix G*);
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a rheumatologist;
- 3. Age \geq 18 years;
- 4. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Failure of $a \ge 3$ consecutive month trial of MTX at up to maximally indicated doses;
 - b. Member has intolerance or contraindication to MTX (*see Appendix D*), and failure of $a \ge 3$ consecutive month trial of at least ONE conventional DMARD (e.g., sulfasalazine, leflunomide, hydroxychloroquine) at up to maximally indicated doses, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated;
- 5. Failure of ALL of the following, each used for ≥ 3 consecutive months, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated (a and b):
 - a. Enbrel[®];
 - Member has not responded or is intolerant to one or more TNF blockers (i.e. Xeljanz[®]) unless member has cardiovascular risk and benefits do not outweigh the risk of treatment;

*Prior authorization is required for Enbrel, Xeljanz

- 6. Documentation of one of the following baseline assessment scores (a or b):
 - a. Clinical disease activity index (CDAI) score (see Appendix H);
 - b. Routine assessment of patient index data 3 (RAPID3) score (see Appendix I);
- 7. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
- 8. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
 - a. IV: weight-based dose at weeks 0, 2, and 4, then every 4 weeks (*see Appendix E for dose rounding guidelines*) (i, ii, or iii):
 - i. Weight < 60 kg: 500 mg per dose;
 - ii. Weight 60 to 100 kg: 750 mg per dose;
 - iii. Weight > 100 kg: 1,000 mg per dose;
 - b. SC: 125 mg once weekly.

Approval duration: 6 months

C. Acute Graft-versus-Host Disease (must meet all):

- 1. Prescribed for prophylaxis of aGVHD;
- 2. Request is for intravenous formulation;
- 3. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist, hematologist, or bone marrow transplant specialist;
- 4. Age \geq 2 years;
- 5. Member is undergoing HSCT from a matched or 1 allele-mismatched unrelated-donor;
- 6. Prescribed in combination with a calcineurin inhibitor and MTX;
- 7. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
- 8. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Age \geq 2 years and < 6 years: 15 mg/kg on day before transplantation, followed by 12 mg/kg on Days 5, 14, and 28 after transplantation.
 - b. Age ≥ 6 years: 10 mg/kg (up to 1,000 mg maximum dose) on day before transplantation, followed by 10 mg/kg (up to 1,000 mg maximum dose) on Days 5, 14, and 28 after transplantation;

Approval duration: 3 months (4 doses total)

D. Other diagnoses/indications

1. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

II. Continued Therapy

A. All Indications in Section I (must meet all):

- 1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
- 2. Member meets one of the following (a, b, or c):
 - a. For RA member is responding positively to therapy as evidenced by by one of the following (i or ii):
 - i. A decrease in CDAI (*see Appendix H*) or RAPID3 (*see Appendix I*) score from baseline;
 - ii. Medical justification stating inability to conduct CDAI re-assessment, and submission of RAPID3 score associated with disease severity that is similar to initial CDAI assessment or improved;
 - b. For pJIA, member is responding positively to therapy as evidenced by a decrease in cJADAS-10 from baseline (*see Appendix J*);
 - c. For all other indications: member is responding positively to therapy;
- 3. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (*see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized*);
- 4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed one of the following (*see Appendix E and F for dose rounding guidelines*) (a or b):
 - a. RA and PsA (i or ii):
 - i. IV: weight-based dose every 4 weeks (a, b, or c):

- a) Weight < 60 kg: 500 mg per dose;
- b) Weight 60 to 100 kg: 750 mg per dose;
- c) Weight > 100 kg: 1,000 mg per dose;
- ii. SC: 125 mg once weekly;
- b. PJIA (i or ii):
 - i. IV: weight-based dose every 4 weeks (a, b, or c):
 - a) Weight < 75 kg: 10 mg/kg per dose;
 - b) Weight 75 kg to 100 kg: 750 mg per dose;
 - c) Weight > 100 kg: 1,000 mg per dose;
 - ii. SC: weight-based dose once weekly (a, b, or c):
 - a) Weight 10 to <25 kg: 50 mg per dose;
 - b) Weight 25 to <50 kg: 87.5 mg per dose;
 - c) Weight \geq 50 kg: 125 mg per dose.
- c. aGVHD (i or ii):
 - i. IV: Age \geq 2 years and < 6 years: 15 mg/kg on day before transplantation, followed by 12 mg/kg on Days 5, 14, and 28 after transplantation.
 - ii. IV: Age ≥ 6 years: 10 mg/kg (up to 1,000 mg maximum dose) on day before transplantation, followed by 10 mg/kg (up to 1,000 mg maximum dose) on Days 5, 14, and 28 after transplantation;
 d)

Approval duration: aGVHD – 3 months (4 doses total) All other indications – 12 months

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy.

Approval duration: Duration of request or 6 months (whichever is less); or

2. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

- A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid or evidence of coverage documents;
- B. Combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) or potent immunosuppressants, including but not limited to any tumor necrosis factor (TNF) antagonists [e.g., Cimzia[®], Enbrel[®], Humira[®], Simponi[®], Avsola[™], Inflectra[™], Remicade[®], Renflexis[™]], interleukin agents [e.g., Arcalyst[®] (IL-1 blocker), Ilaris[®] (IL-1 blocker), Kineret[®] (IL-1RA), Actemra[®] (IL-6RA), Kevzara[®] (IL-6RA), Stelara[®] (IL-12/23 inhibitor), Cosentyx[®] (IL-17A inhibitor), Taltz[®] (IL-17A inhibitor), Siliq[™] (IL-17RA), Ilumya[™] (IL-23 inhibitor), Skyrizi[™] (IL-23 inhibitor), Tremfya[®] (IL-23 inhibitor)], Janus kinase inhibitors (JAKi) [e.g., Xeljanz[®]/Xeljanz[®] XR, Cibinqo[™], Olumiant[™], Rinvoq[™]], anti-CD20 monoclonal antibodies [Rituxan[®], Riabni[™], Ruxience[™], Truxima[®], Rituxan Hycela[®]], selective co-stimulation modulators

[Orencia[®]], and integrin receptor antagonists [Entyvio[®]] because of the additive immunosuppression, increased risk of neutropenia, as well as increased risk of serious infections.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key	
aGVHD: acute graft versus host disease	JAKi: Janus kinase inhibitors
CDAI: clinical disease activity index	MTX: methotrexate
cJADAS: clinical juvenile arthritis disease activity score	PJIA: polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis
DMARD: disease-modifying antirheumatic	PsA: psoriatic arthritis
drug	RA: rheumatoid arthritis
FDA: Food and Drug Administration	RAPID3: routine assessment of patient
HSCT: hematopoietic stem cell	index data 3
transplantation	TNF: tumor necrosis factor

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
azathioprine	RA	2.5 mg/kg/day
(Azasan [®] , Imuran [®])	1 mg/kg/day PO QD or divided BID	
Cuprimine [®]	RA*	1,500 mg/day
(d-penicillamine)	Initial dose:	
	125 or 250 mg PO QD	
	Maintenance dose:	
	500 – 750 mg/day PO QD	
cyclosporine	RA	4 mg/kg/day
(Sandimmune [®] ,	2.5 – 4 mg/kg/day PO divided BID	
Neoral [®])		
hydroxychloroquine	RA*	600 mg/day
(Plaquenil [®])	Initial dose:	
	400 – 600 mg/day PO	
	Maintenance dose:	
	200 – 400 mg/day PO	
leflunomide	PJIA*	20 mg/day
(Arava [®])	Weight 10 mg/1.73 m ² /day	
	Or	
	< 20 kg: 10 mg every other day	
	Weight 20 - 40 kg: 10 mg/day	
	Weight > 40 kg: 20 mg/day	

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
methotrexate	RA 100 mg PO QD for 3 days, then 20 mg PO QD PJIA*	30 mg/week
(Rheumatrex [®])	$10 - 20 \text{ mg/m}^2/\text{week PO, SC, or IM}$	50 mg/ week
	7.5 mg/week PO, SC, or IM or 2.5 mg PO Q12 hr for 3 doses/week	
Ridaura [®] (auranofin)	RA 6 mg PO QD or 3 mg PO BID	9 mg/day (3 mg TID)
sulfasalazine (Azulfidine [®])	RA 2 g/day PO in divided doses	RA: 3 g/day
Actemra [®] (tocilizumab)	 PJIA Weight < 30 kg: 10 mg/kg IV every 4 weeks or 162 mg SC every 3 weeks Weight ≥ 30 kg: 8 mg/kg IV every 4 weeks or 162 mg SC every 2 weeks 	 PJIA: IV: 10 mg/kg every 4 weeks SC: 162 mg every 2 weeks
	RA IV: 4 mg/kg every 4 weeks followed by an increase to 8 mg/kg every 4 weeks based on clinical response	 RA: IV: 800 mg every 4 weeks SC: 162 mg every week
	SC: Weight < 100 kg: 162 mg SC every other week, followed by an increase to every week based on clinical response Weight \geq 100 kg: 162 mg SC every week	
Enbrel [®] (etanercept)	PJIAWeight < 63 kg: 0.8 mg/kg SC once weeklyWeight $\geq 63 \text{ kg: } 50 \text{ mg SC}$ once weekly	50 mg/week
	PsA, RA 25 mg SC twice weekly or 50 mg SC once weekly	
Kevzara [®] (sarilumab)	RA 200 mg SC once every two weeks	200 mg/2 weeks
Otezla [®] (apremilast)	PsA Initial dose: Day 1: 10 mg PO QAM Day 2: 10 mg PO QAM and 10 mg PO QPM	60 mg/day

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
	Day 3: 10 mg PO QAM and 20 mg PO QPM	
	Day 4: 20 mg PO QAM and 20 mg PO QPM	
	Day 5: 20 mg PO QAM and 30 mg PO QPM	
	Maintenance dose:	
	Day 6 and thereafter: 30 mg PO BID	
Oluminat®	RA	2 mg/day
(baricitinib)	2 mg PO QD	
Taltz	PsA	80 mg every 4
	Initial dose: 160 mg (two 80 mg injections)	weeks
	SC at week 0	
	Maintenance dose:	
	80 mg SC every 4 weeks	
Xeljanz [®]	PsA, RA	10 mg/day
(tofacitinib)	5 mg PO BID	
Xeljanz XR [®]	PsA, RA	11 mg/day
(tofacitinib	11 mg PO QD	
extended-release)		

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name[®] (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name[®]) when the drug is available by both brand and generic. *Off-label

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings None reported

Appendix D: General Information

- Definition of failure of MTX or DMARDs
 - Child-bearing age is not considered a contraindication for use of MTX. Each drug has risks in pregnancy. An educated patient and family planning would allow use of MTX in patients who have no intention of immediate pregnancy.
 - Social use of alcohol is not considered a contraindication for use of MTX. MTX may
 only be contraindicated if patients choose to drink over 14 units of alcohol per week.
 However, excessive alcohol drinking can lead to worsening of the condition, so
 patients who are serious about clinical response to therapy should refrain from
 excessive alcohol consumption.
- Examples of positive response to therapy may include, but are not limited to:
 - Reduction in joint pain/swelling/tenderness
 - Improvement in ESR/CRP levels
 - Improvements in activities of daily living

Appendix E: IV Dose Rounding Guidelines for PJIA, PsA, and RA

Weight-based Dose Range	Vial Quantity Recommendation
\leq 262.49 mg	1 vial of 250 mg
262.50 mg to 524.99 mg	2 vials of 250 mg
525 to 787.49 mg	3 vials of 250 mg
787.50 mg to 1,049.99 mg	4 vials of 250 mg

Appendix F: SC Dose Rounding Guidelines for PJIA, PsA, and RA

Weight-based Dose Range	Prefilled Syringe Quantity Recommendation
10 to 24.99 kg	1 syringe of 50 mg/0.4 mL
25 to 49.99 kg	1 syringe of 87.5 mg/0.7 mL
> 50 kg	1 syringe of 125 mg/mL

Appendix G: The 2010 ACR Classification Criteria for RA

Add score of categories A through D; a score of ≥ 6 out of 10 is needed for classification of a patient as having definite RA.

Α	Joint involvement	Score
	1 large joint	0
	2-10 large joints	1
	1-3 small joints (with or without involvement of large joints)	2
	4-10 small joints (with or without involvement of large joints)	3
	> 10 joints (at least one small joint)	5
B	Serology (at least one test result is needed for classification)	
	Negative rheumatoid factor (RF) and negative anti-citrullinated protein	0
	antibody (ACPA)	
	Low positive RF or low positive ACPA	2
	* Low: < 3 x upper limit of normal	
	High positive RF or high positive ACPA	3
	* High: $\geq 3 x$ upper limit of normal	
С	Acute phase reactants (at least one test result is needed for classification)	
	Normal C-reactive protein (CRP) and normal erythrocyte sedimentation rate	0
	(ESR)	
	Abnormal CRP or abnormal ESR	1
D	Duration of symptoms	
	< 6 weeks	0
	≥ 6 weeks	1

Appendix H: Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score

The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) is a composite index for assessing disease activity in RA. CDAI is based on the simple summation of the count of swollen/tender joint count of 28 joints along with patient and physician global assessment on VAS (0–10 cm) Scale for estimating disease activity. The CDAI score ranges from 0 to 76.

CDAI Score	Disease state interpretation
≤ 2.8	Remission
> 2.8 to ≤ 10	Low disease activity
$> 10 \text{ to} \le 22$	Moderate disease activity

> 22	High disease activity
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Appendix I: Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) Score

The Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) is a pooled index of the three patient-reported ACR core data set measures: function, pain, and patient global estimate of status. Each of the individual measures is scored 0 - 10, and the maximum achievable score is 30.

RAPID3 Score	Disease state interpretation	
\leq 3	Remission	
3.1 to 6	Low disease activity	
6.1 to 12	Moderate disease activity	
> 12	High disease activity	

Appendix J: Clinical Juvenile Arthritis Disease Activity Score based on 10 joints (cJADAS-10)

The cJADAS10 is a continuous disease activity score specific to JIA and consisting of the following three parameters totaling a maximum of 30 points:

- Physician's global assessment of disease activity measured on a 0-10 visual analog scale (VAS), where 0 = no activity and 10 = maximum activity;
- Parent global assessment of well-being measured on a 0-10 VAS, where 0 = very well and 10 = very poor;
- Count of joints with active disease to a maximum count of 10 active joints*

*ACR definition of active joint: presence of swelling (not due to currently inactive synovitis or to bony enlargement) or, if swelling is not present, limitation of motion accompanied by pain, tenderness, or both

cJADAS-10	Disease state interpretation
≤ 1	Inactive disease
1.1 to 2.5	Low disease activity
2.51 to 8.5	Moderate disease activity
> 8.5	High disease activity

V. Dosage and Administration

Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
RA	IV: weight-based dose at weeks 0, 2, and 4, followed	IV: 1,000 mg
	by every 4 weeks	every 4 weeks
	Weight < 60 kg: 500 mg per dose	
	Weight 60 to 100 kg: 750 mg per dose	SC: 125 mg/week
PsA	Weight > 100 kg: 1,000 mg per dose	
	SC: 125 mg once weekly (For RA: if single IV	
	loading dose is given, start first SC injection within one day of IV dose)	
PJIA	IV: weight-based dose at weeks 0, 2, and 4, followed	IV: 1,000 mg
	by every 4 weeks	every 4 weeks
	Weight < 75 kg: 10 mg/kg per dose	
	Weight 75 to 100 kg: 750 mg per dose	SC: 125 mg/week
	Weight >100 kg: 1,000 mg per dose	

Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
aGVHD	 SC: weight-based dose once weekly Weight 10 to < 25 kg: 50 mg per dose Weight 25 to < 50 kg: 87.5 mg per dose Weight ≥ 50 kg: 125 mg per dose Age ≥ 6 years: 10 mg/kg (up to 1,000 mg maximum dose) on day before transplantation, followed by Days 5, 14, and 28 after transplantation Age ≥ 2 years and < 6 years: 15 mg/kg on day before transplantation, followed by 12 mg/kg on Days 5, 15, and 28 after transplantation 	1,000 mg/dose

VI. Product Availability

- Single-use vial for IV infusion: 250 mg
- Single-dose prefilled syringes for SC injection: 50 mg/0.4 mL, 87.5 mg/0.7 mL, 125 mg/mL
- Single-dose prefilled ClickJectTM autoinjector for SC injection: 125 mg/mL

VII. References

- Orencia Prescribing Information. Princeton, NJ: Bristol-Meyers Squibb Company; December 2021. Available at: <u>https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2021/125118s240lbl.pdf</u>. Accessed February 20, 2022.
- 2. Ringold S, Angeles-Han ST, Beukelman T, et al. 2019 American College of Rheumatology/Arthritis Foundation guideline for the treatment of juvenile idiopathic arthritis: therapeutic approaches for non-systemic polyarthritis, sacroiliitis, and enthesitis. Arthritis Care and Research. 2019:71(6):717-734. DOI 10.1002/acr.23870
- 3. Gossec L, Baraliakos X, Kerschbaumer A, et al. EULAR recommendations for the management of psoriatic arthritis with pharmacological therapies: 2019 update. Ann Rheum Dis. 2020;79:700–712. doi:10.1136/annrheumdis-2020-217159
- 4. Singh JA, Guyatt G, Ogdie A, et al. 2018 American College of Rheumatology/National Psoriasis Foundation Guideline for the treatment of psoriatic arthritis. American College of Rheumatology. 2019; 71(1):5-32. doi: 10.1002/art.40726
- Fraenkel L, Bathon JM, Enggland BR, et al. 2021 American College of Rheumatology Guideline for the Treatment of Rheumatoid Arthritis. Arthritis Care & Research. 2021; 73(7):924-939. DOI 10.1002/acr.24596

Coding Implications

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-todate sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

HCPCS Codes	Description
J0129	Injection, abatacept, 10 mg (code may be used for Medicare when drug administered under the direct supervision of a physician, not for use when drug is self-administered)

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
Policy created	01.23	01.23

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. "Health Plan" means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan's affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

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Note:

For Medicaid members, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

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