

Clinical Policy: Carbidopa/Levodopa ER Capsules (Rytary), Enteral Suspension (Duopa), IR Tablets (Dhivy)

Reference Number: DE.PMN.238

Effective Date: 01.23 Last Review Date: 01.23 Line of Business: Medicaid

Revision Log

See <u>Important Reminder</u> at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

Carbidopa/levodopa extended-release capsules (Rytary®), enteral suspension (Duopa®) and immediate-release tablets (Dhivy®) are combinations of carbidopa (an aromatic amino acid decarboxylation inhibitor) and levodopa (an aromatic amino acid).

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Rytary and Dhivy are indicated for the treatment of Parkinson's disease (PD), post-encephalitic parkinsonism, and parkinsonism that may follow carbon monoxide intoxication or manganese intoxication.

Duopa is indicated for the treatment of motor fluctuations in patients with advanced PD.

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation® that Rytary, Duopa and Dhivy are **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

- **A. Request for Rytary** (must meet all):
 - 1. Diagnosis of PD or parkinsonism;
 - 2. Request is for Rytary;
 - 3. Age \geq 18 years;
 - 4. Documented intolerance or contraindication* to carbidopa-levodopa sustained release tablets (Sinemet[®] CR) that would not apply to Rytary;
 - *Examples of acceptable intolerance or contraindications include inability to swallow pills or intolerance or contraindications to excipients in carbidopa-levodopa sustained released tablets. Note: Failure of carbidopa-levodopa sustained released tablets is NOT an acceptable rationale for use of Rytary over Sinemet CR.
 - 5. Dose does not exceed carbidopa 612.5 mg/levodopa 2,450 mg per day.

Approval duration:

Medicaid - 12 months

^{*}For Medicaid line of business, if request is through pharmacy benefit, Dhivy may not require prior authorization.

CLINICAL POLICY

Carbidopa/Levodopa

B. Request for Duopa (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of PD;
- 2. Request is for Duopa;
- 3. Prescribed by or in consultation with neurologist;
- 4. Age \geq 18 years;
- 5. Demonstrated a clear responsiveness to treatment with levodopa;
- 6. Member is experiencing motor fluctuations for 3 hours or more of "off" time per waking day (*see Appendix D*);
- 7. Failure of at least two anti-Parkinson agents from different therapeutic classes, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated:*
 - a. MAO-B inhibitor: selegiline;
 - b. COMT inhibitor: entacapone (Comtan[®]/Stalevo[®]);
 - c. Dopamine agonist: ropinirole, pramipexole;
 - *Prior authorization may be required for the above agents
- 8. Placement of a procedurally-placed tube has been completed or is planned;
- 9. Dose does not exceed 2,000 mg of the levodopa component (one cassette) per day.

Approval duration:

Medicaid – 12 months

C. Request for Dhivy (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of PD or parkinsonism;
- 2. Request is for Dhivy;
- 3. Age \geq 18 years;
- 4. Member must use generic carbidopa-levodopa, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 5. Dose does not exceed carbidopa 200 mg/levodopa 800 mg per day.

Approval duration:

Medicaid – 12 months

D. Other diagnoses/indications

1. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

II. Continued Therapy

A. Request for Rytary (must meet all):

- 1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
- 2. Request is for Rytary;
- 3. Member is responding positively to therapy;
- 4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed carbidopa 612.5 mg/levodopa 2,450 mg per day.

Approval duration:

Medicaid – 12 months

B. Request for Duopa (must meet all):

- 1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
- 2. Request is for Duopa;
- 3. Member is responding positively to therapy;
- 4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed 2,000 mg of the levodopa component (one cassette) per day.

Approval duration:

Medicaid – 12 months

C. Request for Dhivy (must meet all):

- 1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
- 2. Request is for Dhivy;
- 3. Member is responding positively to therapy;
- 4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed carbidopa 200 mg/levodopa 800 mg per day.

Approval duration:

Medicaid – 12 months

D. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy.

Approval duration: Duration of request or 12 months (whichever is less); or

 Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

FDA: Food and Drug Administration MAO: monoamine oxidase COMT: catechol-O-methyl transferase PD: Parkinson's disease

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/
		Maximum Dose
carbidopa-	Patients not currently receiving levodopa:	Most patients are
levodopa	Initial: carbidopa 50 mg/levodopa 200 mg PO	adequately
sustained released	BID.	controlled on

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/
		Maximum Dose
tablets (Sinemet® CR)	Patients currently receiving levodopa: <i>Note:</i> Levodopa must be discontinued at least 12 hours before starting carbidopa/levodopa therapy. Initial: Sinemet CR should be substituted at a dosage that will provide approximately 25% of the previous levodopa dosage; usual initial dose in mild to moderate disease is carbidopa 50 mg/levodopa 200 mg BID.	doses that provide up to 1,600 mg/day of levodopa.
	Patients converting from immediate-release (IR) formulation to controlled release: Initial: Dosage should be substituted at an amount that provides ~10% more of levodopa/day, depending on clinical response, dosage may need to be increased to provide up to 30% more levodopa/day. Total calculated dosage is administered in divided doses at intervals ranging from 4 to 8 hours during waking hours. An interval of at least 3 days between dosage adjustments is recommended.	
COMT Inhibitors		
carbidopa/ levodopa/ entacapone (Stalevo®)	PO: Dose should be individualized based on therapeutic response; doses may be adjusted by changing strength or adjusting interval. Fractionated doses are not recommended and only 1 tablet should be given at each dosing interval.	1,200 mg/day of levodopa (divided doses)
entacapone (Comtan®)	PO: 200 mg with each dose of levodopa/carbidopa	1,600 mg/day (divided doses)
tolcapone (Tasmar®)	PO: 100 mg 3 times daily, as adjunct to levodopa/carbidopa	600 mg/day
MAO-B Inhibitors		
rasagiline (Azilect®	PO: Monotherapy or adjunctive therapy (not including levodopa): 1 mg once daily. Adjunctive therapy with levodopa: Initial: 0.5 mg once daily; may increase to 1 mg once daily based on response and tolerability.	1 mg/day
Dopamine Agonist		
pramipexole (Mirapex [®])	PO: Initial dose: 0.125 mg 3 times daily, increase gradually every 5 to 7 days; maintenance (usual): 0.5 to 1.5 mg 3 times daily	4.5 mg/day (divided doses)

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
pramipexole ER	PO: Initial dose: 0.375 mg once daily; increase	4.5 mg/day
(Mirapex® ER)	gradually not more frequently than every 5 to 7	
	days to 0.75 mg once daily and then, if necessary,	
	by 0.75 mg per dose	
ropinirole	PO: Recommended starting dose: 0.25 mg 3	24 mg/day
(Requip [®])	times/day. Based on individual patient response,	(divided doses)
	the dosage should be titrated with weekly	
	increments: Week 1: 0.25 mg 3 times/day; total	
	daily dose: 0.75 mg; week 2: 0.5 mg 3 times/day;	
	total daily dose: 1.5 mg; week 3: 0.75 mg 3	
	times/day; total daily dose: 2.25 mg; week 4: 1 mg	
	3 times/day; total daily dose: 3 mg. After week 4,	
	if necessary, daily dosage may be increased by 1.5	
	mg/day on a weekly basis up to a dose of 9	
	mg/day, and then by up to 3 mg/day weekly to a	
	total of 24 mg/day.	
ropinirole ER	PO: Initial dose: 2 mg once daily for 1 to 2 weeks,	24 mg/day
(Requip [®] ER)	followed by increases of 2 mg/day at weekly or	
	longer intervals based on therapeutic response and	
	tolerability	

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name® (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name®) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s):
 - Concomitant use of nonselective monoamine oxidase (MAO) inhibitor (e.g., phenelzine, tranylcypromine) or have recently (within 2 weeks) taken a nonselective MAO inhibitor.
 - o Known hypersensitivity to any component of the requested product.
- Boxed warning(s): none reported

Appendix D: General Information

- Off time/episodes represent a return of Parkinson's disease symptoms (bradykinesia, rest tremor or rigidity) when the L-dopa treatment effect wears off after each dosing interval.
- Parkinson's disease symptoms, resulting from too little levodopa (L-dopa), are in contrast with dyskinesia which typically results from too much L-dopa. The alterations between "on" time (the time when Parkinson's disease symptoms are successfully suppressed by L-dopa) and "off" time is known as "motor fluctuations".
- The addition of carbidopa to L-dopa prevents conversion of L-dopa to dopamine in the systemic circulation and liver.
- Duopa is infused over 16 hours daily into the jejunum through a percutaneous endoscopic gastrostomy with jejunal tube (PEG-J) with the CADD®-Legacy 1400 portable infusion pump. For short term use, Duopa may be administered through naso-jejunal tube prior to PEG-J tube placement with observation of the patient's clinical response.

V. Dosage and Administration

Drug Drug	Dosage and Administration Drug Indication Dosing Regimen Maximum			
Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Dose	
Rytary	PD; parkinsonism	Levodopa-naïve patients: Starting dose is 23.75 mg/95 mg PO TID; may increase to 36.25 mg/145 mg TID on the fourth day of treatment. Based on individual patient clinical response and tolerability, may increase dose up to carbidopa 97.5 mg/levodopa 390 mg TID; frequency of dosing may be increased to a maximum of 5 times daily if needed and tolerated.	Carbidopa 612.5 mg /levodopa 2,450 mg per day	
Duopa	Motor fluctuations in patients with advanced PD	Duopa is administered over a 16-hour infusion period. The daily dose is determined by individualized patient titration and composed of: • A morning dose • A continuous dose • Extra doses Maximum recommended daily dose of Duopa is 2,000 mg of the levodopa component (i.e., one cassette per day) administered over 16 hours. At the end of the daily 16-hour infusion, patients will disconnect the pump from the PEG-J and take their night-time dose of <i>oral</i> immediate-release carbidopa-levodopa tablets. Duopa is initiated in 3 steps: 1. Conversion of patients to oral immediate-release carbidopa-levodopa tablets in preparation for Duopa treatment. 2. Calculation and administration of the Duopa starting dose (morning dose and continuous dose) for Day 1. 3. Titration of the dose as needed based on individual clinical response and tolerability. Duopa has an extra dose function that can be used to manage acute "off" symptoms that are not controlled by the morning dose and the continuous dose administered over 16 hours. The extra dose function should be set at 1 mL (20 mg of levodopa) when starting Duopa. If the amount of the extra dose needs to be adjusted, it is typically done in 0.2 mL increments. The extra	2,000 mg of levodopa component per day	

Drug	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum
Name			Dose
		dose frequency should be limited to one extra	
		dose every 2 hours. Administration of frequent	
		extra doses may cause or worsen dyskinesias.	
Dhivy	PD;	Levodopa-naïve patients: Starting dose is 25	Carbidopa
	parkinsonism	mg/100 mg PO TID; may increase by 1 tablet	200
		daily or every other day as needed	mg/levodopa
			800 mg per
			day

VI. Product Availability

Drug Name	Product Availability
Rytary	ER capsules: carbidopa/levodopa 23.75 mg/95 mg, 36.25
(carbidopa/levodopa)	mg/145 mg, 48.75 mg/195 mg, 61.25 mg/245 mg
Duopa	Enteral suspension: 4.63 mg carbidopa and 20 mg levodopa
(carbidopa/levodopa)	per mL; each cassette contains approximately 100 mL of
	suspension; carton of 7 Duopa cassettes
Dhivy	IR tablets: carbidopa/levodopa 25 mg/100 mg; each tablet has
(carbidopa/levodopa)	3 functional score with each segment containing 6.25 mg of
	carbidopa and 25 mg of levodopa

VII. References

- 1. Rytary Prescribing Information. Hayward, CA: Impax Laboratories; December 2019. Available at: https://rytary.com. Accessed March 25, 2022.
- 2. Duopa Prescribing Information. North Chicago, IL: AbbVie Inc; May 2021. Available at. https://duopa.com. Accessed March 25, 2022.
- 3. Dhivy Prescribing Information. Washington, DC: Riverside Pharmaceuticals Corporation; November 2021. Available at: https://dhivyhcp.com/. Accessed March 25, 2022.
- 4. Carbidopa/Levodopa Extended-Release Tablets Prescribing Information. Durham, NC: Accord Healthcare, Inc.; September 2014. Available at: https://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov/dailymed/drugInfo.cfm?setid=5217a6ec-cc26-4acc-b2da17f6545c3b60. Accessed March 25, 2022.
- 5. Clinical Pharmacology [database online]. Tampa, FL: Gold Standard, Inc.; 2021. Available at: http://www.clinicalpharmacology-ip.com/. Accessed March 23, 2022.
- 6. Miyasaki J, Martin W, Suchowesky O. Practice parameter: Initiation of treatment for Parkinson's disease: (an evidence-based review). Report of the Quality Standards Subcommittee of the American Academy of Neurology. *Neurology*. 2002; 58(1):11-17.
- 7. Fox SH, Katzenschlager R, Lim S, et al. International Parkinson and Movement Disorder Society evidence-based medicine review: Update on treatments for the motor symptoms of Parkinson's disease. Movement Disorders; 2018. Published online in Wiley Online Library. DOI: 10.1002/mds.27372.
- 8. DRUGDEX® System [Internet database]. Greenwood Village, Colo: Thomson Healthcare. Updated periodically. Accessed March 25, 2022.

9. Pringsheim T, Day GS, Smith DB, et al. Dopaminergic therapy for motor symptoms in early Parkinson disease practice guideline summary: a report of the AAN guideline subcommittee. Neurology 2021;97:942-957.

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
Policy created	01.23	01.23

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. "Health Plan" means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan's affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom the Health Plan has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of the Health Plan.

This clinical policy is the property of the Health Plan. Unauthorized copying, use, and distribution of this clinical policy or any information contained herein are strictly prohibited. Providers, members and their representatives are bound to the terms and conditions expressed herein through the terms of their contracts. Where no such contract exists, providers, members and their representatives agree to be bound by such terms and conditions by providing services to members and/or submitting claims for payment for such services.

©2020 Centene Corporation. All rights reserved. All materials are exclusively owned by Centene Corporation and are protected by United States copyright law and international copyright law. No part of this publication may be reproduced, copied, modified, distributed, displayed, stored in a retrieval system, transmitted in any form or by any means, or otherwise published without the prior written permission of Centene Corporation. You may not alter or remove any trademark, copyright or other notice contained herein. Centene[®] and Centene Corporation. The composition of the content of the composition of the content of the content